



Evaluating prosecutors' performance: celebrating success and censuring failure

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In present global and complex world, the Prosecutor must obtain an overall performance

- More national prosecutors are enforcing European Union criminal law at national and EU level, using:
 - Mutual legal assistance instruments
 - Mutual recognition (i.e. European Arrest Warrant),
 - Eurojust
 - Networks of prosecutors (European Judicial Network, Western Balkans Prosecutors Network, SEE-PAG),
 - New investigative techniques (JITs)
 - Sophisticated cyber technologies.



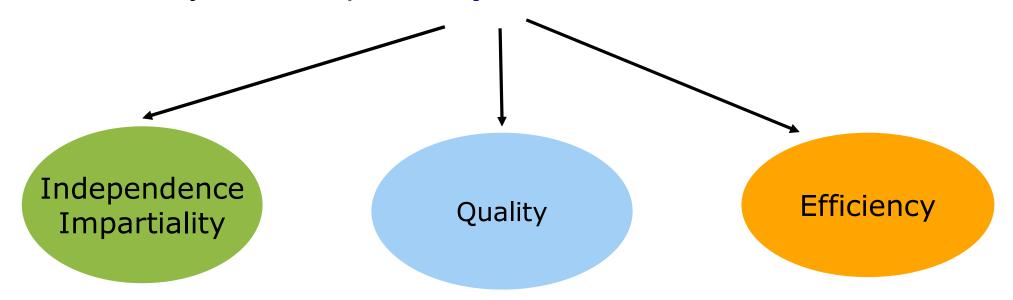
Prosecutors' performances across European Union (EU) are assessed at 3 LEVELS:

- 1st against the EU standards of the judicial system, in relation to the enforcement of the EU criminal law at national level and the cross-border cooperation in the EU area of freedom, security and justice.
- 2nd at national level prosecutors' performances contribute to the efficiency of national judicial systems and inter-agencies cooperation.
- 3rd at individual level, each prosecutor is appraised on case-by-case performances or periodically during the entire professional career.



Common performance indicators/criteria

Performance Indicators in each of these three levels built around key and inseparable parameters:



Achieving them prosecutors gain public confidence mutual trust



Modern performance criteria

- Modern and important performance criteria, out of the legal sphere, are introduced to evaluate prosecutor's professional activities and skills:
- leadership,
- management
 - of cases and processes,
 - strategic management,
 - change management,
 - crises management
 - the concept of total quality management (TQM)
- the use of the IT,
- proficiency in legal English
- communication skills with public and media.

The Vision is changing form the 20th Century Classicism

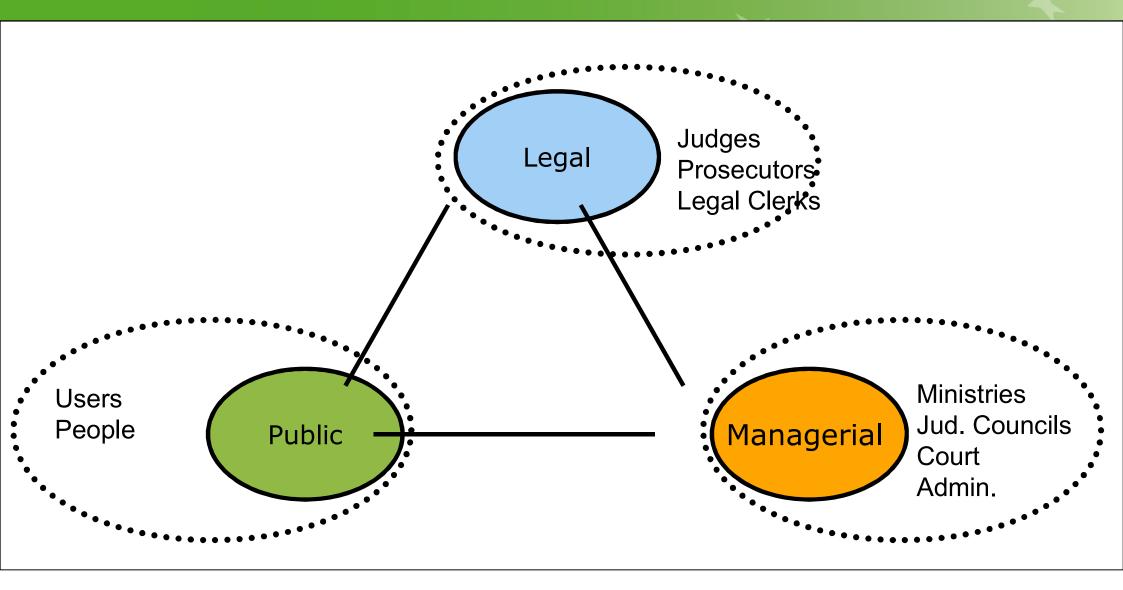
- The first and most important "professional performance charter" is in the codes of procedures and in other relevant laws and regulations
- A modern quality approach drawn from "innovation sciences", it's trivial and abnormal for the justice sector.
- The new quality approach is sticky, and does not fit with the well established quality approach written in legal codes.
- The modern performance approach is a change in the look of courts and prosecution offices, rather than in their fundamental nature



Classicism The Temple of Justice

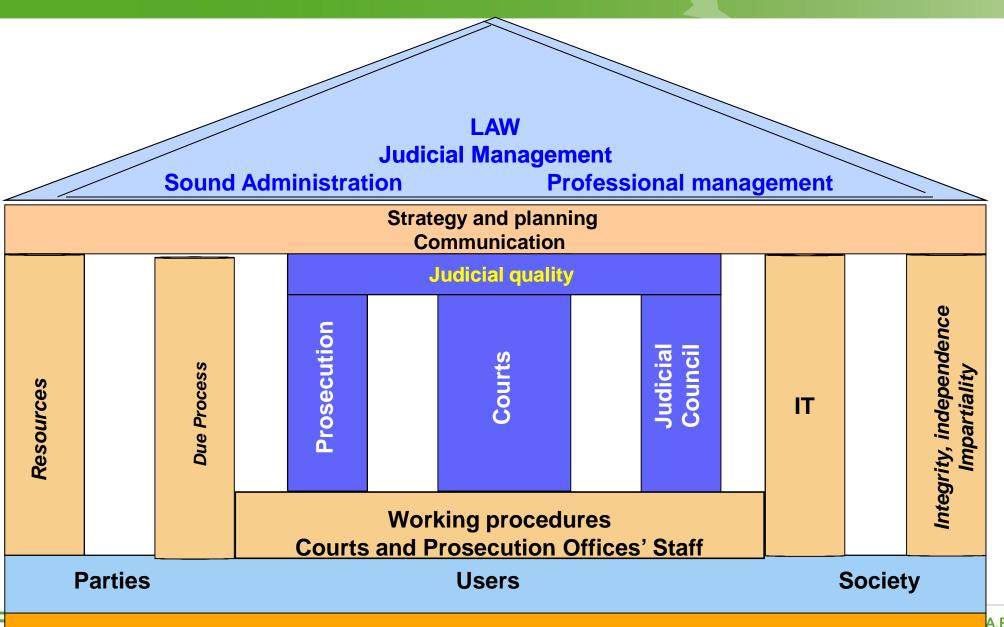


Quality of justice Is Not just "legal"





Modern Justice in 21st Century



Quality of the judicial systems Task, institutions and actors

Judicial processes and proceedings

Administration of justice, of systems and activities

- High Judicial Councils (Judges and Prosecutors)
- Judiciary
- Prosecutors' Offices
- Law Enforcement
 - Judges & Prosecutors
 - Law enforcement officers
 - Legal Clerks

- High Judicial Councils (Judges and Prosecutors)
- Ministry of Justice
- Judicial Training Institutes
 - Judges &Prosecutors
 - Legal Clerks
 - Non-legal clerks
 - Lawyers
 - Legal advisors
 - Linguists
 - **Economists**
 - **Technical Staff**
 - Non-legal staff



European standards on effective prosecution

- Whatever the model of the national justice system or the legal tradition in EU effective prosecution means:
 - 1) Conducting a fair, impartial, independent and expeditious pursuit
 - Complete administration of evidences, both inculpatory and exculpatory – finding the truth
 - Sound inter-agencies coordination at national level and cross-border partners in judicial cooperation in criminal matters, all involved collaborate professionally
 - 4) Transparency and integrity



Standards of the European Union

- 1) Guarantee the respect of the procedural rights or the suspected and accused persons (their right to defence and fair trial)
- 2) Victims' protection
- 3) Witnesses protection
- 4) Appropriate management of the length of judicial proceedings

number of unresolved cases

clearance rate - the ratio of the number of resolved cases over the number of incoming cases number of pending cases



The Future

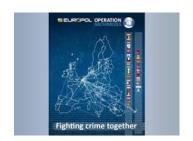
- Effective prosecution is indispensable for mutual trust, respect, recognition and execution of judicial decisions taken by the prosecutors form another EU MS
- The on-going EU criminal justice reform
 - extension of the Eurojust competences,
 - establishment of the European Public Prosecutors Office
 - increase the potential of the European Judicial Network in Criminal Matters and of the Joint Investigation Teams,
 - European Investigation Order in force in 2017

will increase significantly the challenges the prosecutors will face in the near future.





15 and 23 September 2014



- Coordinated by Europol
 - 34 participating countries, Eurojust, Frontex and INTERPOL
- the biggest ever cooperated international law enforcement operation targeting serious and organised crime in the EU and involved actions at hundreds of locations
- 1146 individuals arrested 90 THB, 170 illegal migration
- 30 children saved from trafficking
- 599 kg cocaine, 200kg of heroin seized; 1.8t of cannabis seized
- 1million euros in cash confiscated
- 1,5 million packages of cigarettes confiscated
- 17 stolen cars seized
- 1 illegal factory for counterfeited medicines



- 20,000 law enforcement agents
- **300** actions
- Harbours, airports, bus stations, cross points in 34 countries





SUCCESS OR FAILURE?

RESOURCES VS. RESULTS IMAGE PROMOTION VS. DETERRENT EFFECT COORDINATED ACTIONS VS LOCAL ENFORCEMENT RAIDS







